

North Carolina Early Childhood Advisory Council

Perspectives on Racial Equity & Reducing the Infant Mortality
Disparity Ratio

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"PROTECTIVE FACTORS" FOR THE **GENERAL POPULATION**

"PROTECTIVE FACTORS" FOR BLACK WOMEN



BLACK CHILDBEARING

Infant Mortality

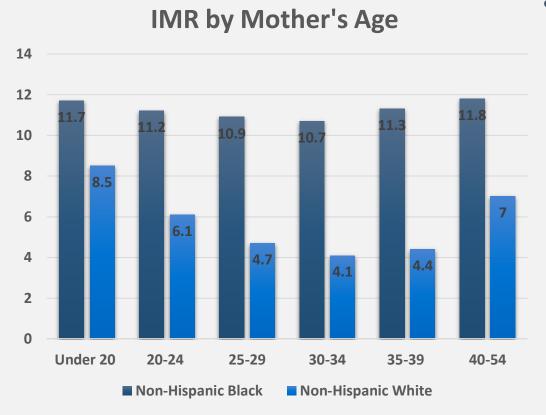




RISK & PROTECTIVE FACTORS

Let's Think About Age

Black Infant Mortality



 Maternal Age is not related to infant mortality rates for Black babies

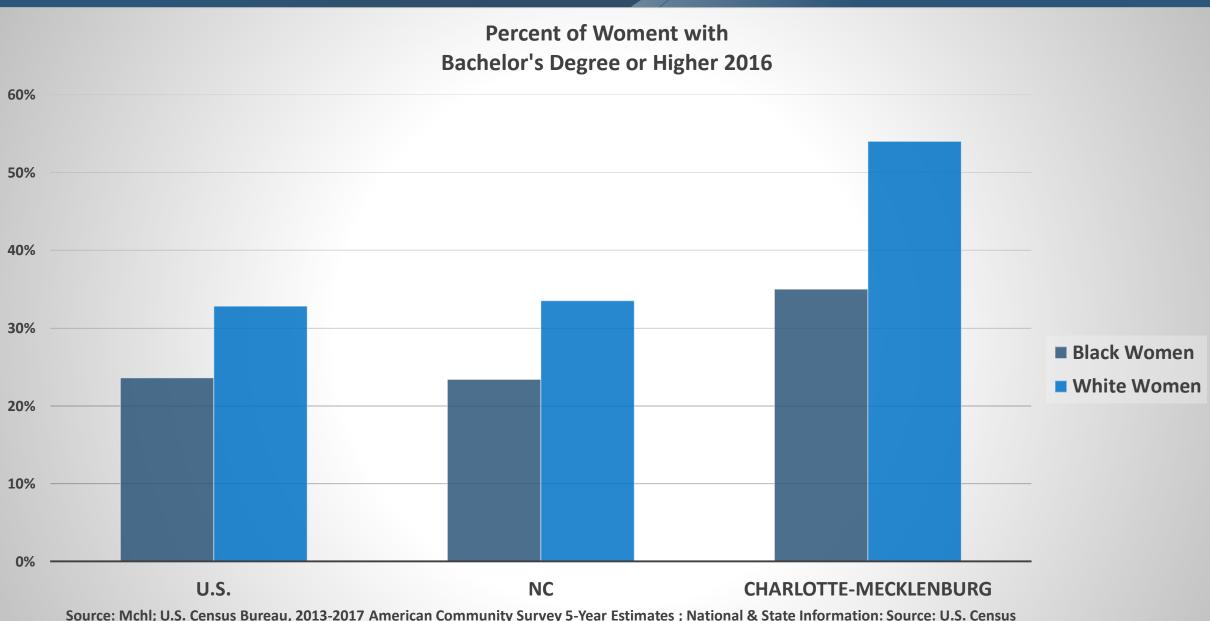




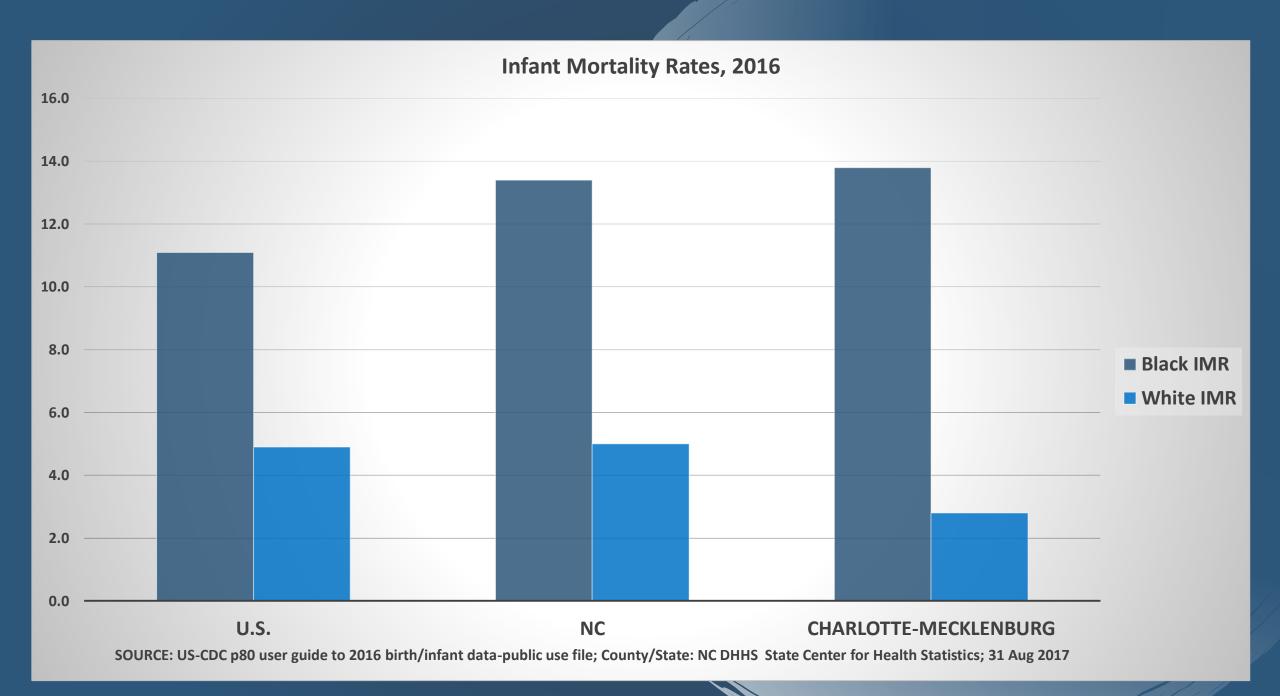


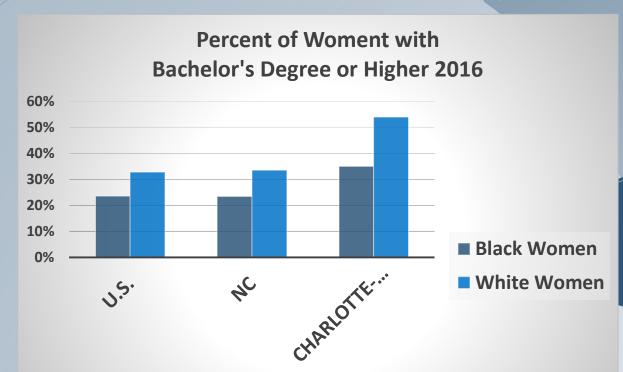
RISK & PROTECTIVE FACTORS

Let's Think About Education & SES

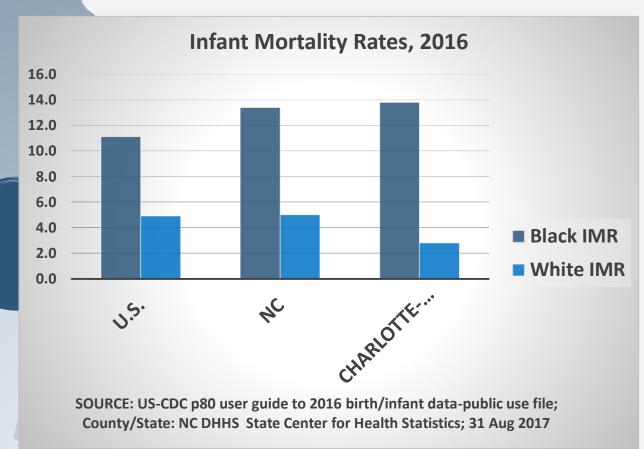


Source: Mchl; U.S. Census Bureau, 2013-2017 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates; National & State Information: Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2016 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates





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RISK & PROTECTIVE FACTORS

Risky Behaviors

Past Month Substance Use among Pregnant Women Aged 15-44, by Race/Ethnicity and Substance: 2002 to 2010

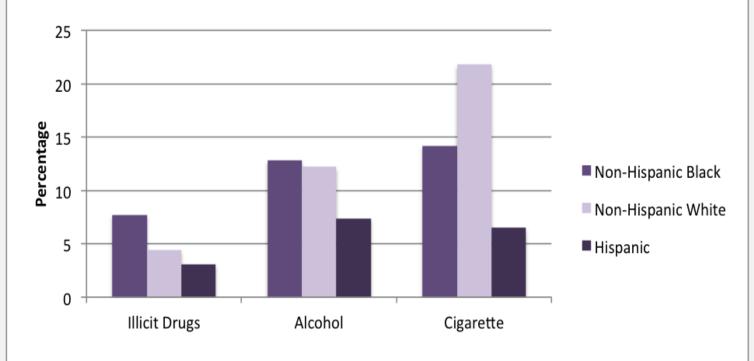
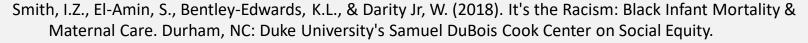


Figure 3. Source: SAMHSA 2012. The National Survey on Drug Use and Health Statistics Reports.

Even when risky
behaviors are
controlled for, the
black-white IMR
disparity continues to
exist



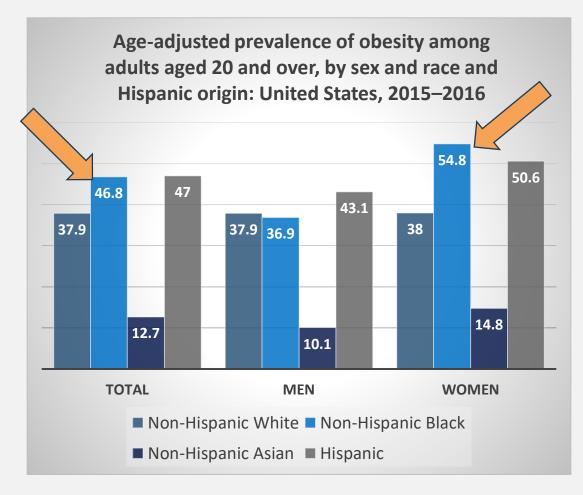




RISK & PROTECTIVE FACTORS

Obesity

Obesity Prevalence



Hales CM, Carroll MD, Fryar CD, Ogden CL. Prevalence of obesity among adults and youth: United States, 2015–2016. NCHS data brief, no 288. Hyattsville, MD: National Center for Health Statistics. 2017.

- On average, Black Women's BMI is higher before, during and post pregnancy
- When controlling for obesity, BW have worse outcomes
- Similarly obese White women have better outcomes than Black women
 - Less Maternal complications
 - Less Babies in NICU

Gennette, Sarah, Angela Guzman, Mishka Peart, Steve Carlan, and Jeannie Mcwhorter. "Pregnancy Outcome in the Morbidly Obese: Black Versus White [37n]." Obstetrics & Gynecology 129 (2017): S152.



"It is very common for people to say 'race plays a factor,' and in fact it's not race so much as racism and the experience of being a black woman or a person of color in this society"

-LINDA GOULER BLOUNT, PRESIDENT & CEO OF THE BLACK WOMEN'S HEALTH IMPERATIVE

BEING BLACK IS NOT A RISK FACTOR

Racism & African American/Maternal Health

- Daily encounters with racism positively related to delayed prenatal care¹
 - Skin-tone related mistreatment related greater delays
- Structural/Institutional racism associated with Infant Mortality Rates for Black women (but not White women)²
 - Disparities in unemployment and education
- 32% of Black adults avoid going to the doctor for fear of discrimination³



¹Slaughter-Acey JC, Sneed D, Parker L, Keith VM, Lee NL, Misra DP. Skin Tone Matters: Racial Microaggressions and Delayed Prenatal Care. *American Journal of Preventive Medicine*. 2019;57(3):321-329.

²Wallace M, Crear-Perry J, Richardson L, Tarver M, Theall K. Separate and unequal: Structural racism and infant mortality in the US. *Health & Place*. 2017;45:140-144.

³Discrimination Pervades Daily Life, Affects Health Across Groups in the U.S., NPR/Harvard/RWJF Poll Shows



"All of my status characteristics screamed "competent," but nothing could shut down what my blackness screams when I walk in the room. I could use my status to serve others, but not myself." pp88-89

- An excerpt from her 2019 Book, Thick & other Essays. Dying to be Competent
- Can also be found in Time Magazine, January 8, 2019



Black women's self-advocacy is often interpreted as - ignorant -histrionic -disrespectful



So how do we get to racial equity in perinatal health?

Fighting at Birth: Eradicating the Black-White Infant Mortality Gap

Report March 2018

Imari Z. Smith, Keisha L. Bentley-Edwards, Salimah El-Amin and William Darity, Jr.

Duke University's Samuel DuBois Cook Center on Social Equity and
Insight Center for Community Economic Development

INTRODUCTION

The infant mortality rate is a key national indicator of population health. Despite technological advances in medicine and other health-related resources available to the average American, the infant mortality rate (IMR) in the United States is exceptionally high relative to other developed countries. For black infants, the numbers are devastatingly high. In 2013, the white IMR in the United States was five per 1000 live births — resembling economically advanced nations like New Zealand. In contrast, the black IMR was 11.2 per 1000 live births — a rate closer to that of lower income nations like Thailand, Romania, and Grenada.¹

In fact, black women experience the highest infant mortality rates among any racial or ethnic group in the United States. The black IMR has been roughly twice that of the white IMR for over 35 years.² In order to decrease the national infant mortality rate, factors that maintain these disparities must be addressed directly.

Highlight

To fight racial disparities, you have to focus on....

RACE



Focus on Black Women



Perinatal Care



Preconception



Fight Racism

Where do we go from here?



Focus on risks & protections specific to Black Women



Collect racial/ethnic data



Listen to Black Women

Focus on Black Women

Perinatal Care



Access to **Quality Care**



Social-Health Supports Home Visits – During & Post Pregnancy



Address Perinatal Depression



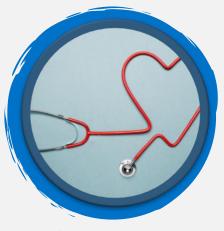
Maternal – Fetal Health



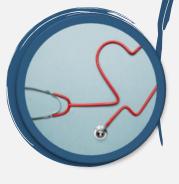
Practitioner Training



Access to Contraception



Access to Fertility/Infertility Care



Long-Term Health

Preconception



Institutional Racism



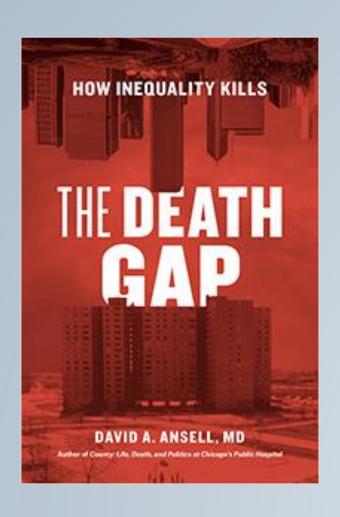
Workplace Racism



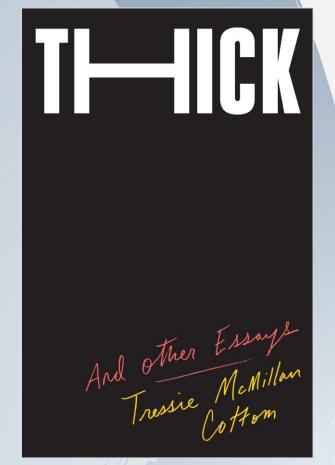
Build Trustworthy Systems

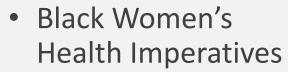
Fight Racism

Recommended Reading...









- www.bwhi.org
- Black Mamas Matter Alliance
 - www.BlackMamasMatt er.org
- Black Women's Reproductive Agenda
 - http://blackrj.org







Additional Questions

#ListenToBlackWomen

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