Governor	Senate
EDUCATION	
Overall, Governor Cooper's budget increases education funding by \$755 million next year, and \$1.13 billion in 2018-19.	The Senate budget only calls for half of what the governor proposed for new education spending next year, at \$388 million. In 2018-19, the Senate budget only calls for two-thirds of Governor Cooper's proposed new education funding, at \$779 million.
Governor Cooper's budget increases the budgeted state share of per pupil funding next year by \$337 bringing it to \$6,418.	The Senate budget falls 40% short of Governor Cooper's proposed per pupil funding increase, at only a \$202 increase.
Governor Cooper's budget increases average teacher pay 5% next year and 5% the year after, a more than 10% increase for the biennium.	The Senate budget only increases average teacher pay 3.7% next year and less than 10% over the biennium.
In raw dollars, Governor Cooper's budget provides \$271 million next year for teacher pay raises, and \$542 million in 2018-19.	The Senate budget funds less than half of Governor Cooper's proposed teacher pay increase next year, with \$130 million for teacher pay raises. In 2018-19, the Senate's budget for teacher pay increases is only two-thirds what Governor Cooper budgeted, at \$360 million.
Governor Cooper's budget includes significant raises for every teacher at every experience level.	The Senate budget's teacher pay increase leaves behind our beginning and veteran teachers. First-year teachers and teachers with 25 or more years of experience would see no increase under the Senate plan.
Governor Cooper's budget provides \$15 million to fund a \$150 supply stipend for all classroom teachers, to help offset teachers' out-of-pocket expenses.	The Senate budget includes no money to help teachers cover out-of-pocket classroom supply expenses.
Click here to see an estimate of how teachers in your area would benefit from Governor Cooper's supply stipend.	
Governor Cooper's budget provides an additional \$20 million in flexible funding for schools to hire instructional support personnel like teaching assistants, nurses and behavioral support staff.	The Senate budget includes no funds for schools to hire additional support staff.
Click here to see how much your LEA could be helped by Governor Cooper's support personnel proposal.	
Governor Cooper's budget includes \$20 million to fund NC GROW, a program to allow recent high school graduates in good academic standing to attend community college for free .	The Senate budget does not include a plan for tuition-free community college.
Click here to see how many high school students in good standing with an unmet financial need in your area could be helped by NC GROW.	

Governor Cooper's budget provides \$5 million for the Best and Brightest Scholarship, providing \$10,000 per year for four years to students who commit to teach in a North Carolina public school after graduation.	After Governor Cooper proposed the Best and Brightest Scholarship, the Senate announced a similar NC Teaching Fellows program, which provides \$6 million from the NC Education Endowment Fund for \$8,250 forgivable loans for students who commit to teaching math, science or special education. The Senate included Teaching Fellows in their budget.
Governor Cooper's budget provides an additional \$97 million in 2017-18 and \$96 million in 2018-19 for North Carolina's Community College system.	The Senate budget provides less than half of Governor Cooper's funding for community colleges in 2017-18 at \$42 million, and less than two-thirds in 2018-19 at \$62 million.
Governor Cooper's budget eliminates the NC Pre-K waitlist, by adding an estimated 4,668 at-risk kids to Pre-K over the next two years. In 2018-19, North Carolina would have an estimated 31,687 children in NC Pre-K—the highest total in 10 years.	The Senate budget only adds 2,350 new pre-k slots, leaving thousands of children on the waitlist.
Governor Cooper's budget invests an additional \$15 million—a 10% increase—in recurring funds into Smart Start. Click here to see how Governor Cooper's additional Smart Start funding could help a program in your area.	The Senate budget calls for less than half of Governor Cooper's proposed investment in Smart Start.
Governor Cooper's budget begins to reduce funding for vouchers, which send taxpayer dollars to private and parochial schools.	The Senate budget drains public school funding by increasing voucher money for private schools by \$10 million next year and \$20 million dollars in 2018-19.
JO	BS
Governor Cooper's budget provides \$20 million next year to help expand access to broadband in rural areas , including a \$14.5 million grant program to pay for middle and last mile projects across the state. High-speed internet access is crucial to help North Carolina's rural areas compete in a global economy. Click here to see a list of some projects that could compete for Governor Cooper's rural broadband grant funding.	The Senate budget includes \$250,000 for the Department of Information Technology's broadband office.
Governor Cooper's budget provides \$30 million next year to help fund infrastructure for 'ready sites'—50 to 200 acre areas that could help struggling areas of our state attract industry.	The Senate budget does not fund Governor Cooper's ready sites program.
Governor Cooper's budget converts the Film Production Grant program back into a Film and Entertainment Tax Incentive , recruiting good paying film jobs back to North Carolina.	The Senate budget continues the film grant program.

Governor Cooper's budget calls for the reinstatement of the Child and Dependent Care Tax Credit, which could help more than 200,000 families pay for child care. Click here to see how many families in your area could be helped by the Child and Dependent Care Tax Credit.	The Senate budget does not provide a child care tax credit.	
PUBLIC SAFETY, MENTAL HEALTH, OPIOIDS		
Governor Cooper's budget provides \$7 million to allow North Carolina's Law Enforcement Officers to retire after 25 years of service.	The Senate budget does not provide funding to allow law enforcement officers to retire after 25 years of service.	
Governor Cooper's budget provides \$12 million in statewide mental health single stream funds to help combat the opioid crisis, and \$2 million to enhance local law enforcement's efforts to fight opioid abuse.	The Senate budget provides \$250,000 per year for an opioid prevention pilot program in Wilmington.	